



Government of the District of Columbia
Office of the Chief Financial Officer
Office of Tax and Revenue

2022

D-65

**District of Columbia (DC)
Partnership Return of Income
Tax Forms and Instructions**

MyTax.DC.gov

Simpler. Faster. Safer.

The District allows Corporation Franchise (D-20), Unincorporated Franchise (D-30), Partnership (D-65), and Fiduciary (D-41) taxpayers to file paper returns with attachments using a USB flash drive. Include the following on the flash drive:

- **A signed and dated return;**
- **Any DC schedules you are submitting;**
- **Any federal forms that must accompany the return;**
- **Indicate on the flash drive label, form number, TIN, tax year being filed; and**
- **Images on the flash drive should be in PDF format**



What's New

- **Filing Deadline** - For Tax Year 2022 the filing deadline will be April 18, 2023. The filing deadline for fiscal year filers is the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of your fiscal year.
- **DC Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC)** - Taxpayers transferring or receiving DC LIHTC must be registered online at MyTax.DC.gov. See Instructions for DC Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Allocation and Certification on MyTax.DC.gov.
- **Exclusion of Certain Grants From District Gross Income**
 - o The District of Columbia enacted legislation adding additional grants to the previous list of grants made by the District which are excluded from the computation of gross income. The new grants are:
 - Rebates issued by the Mayor pursuant to the Automated External Defibrillator Incentive Program;
 - Lump-sum payments received by individuals from the Early Educator Pay Parity Program pursuant to DC Code § 1-325.431 (c)(1A);
 - The following grants awarded by the Deputy Mayor for Planning and Economic Development:
 - Grants awarded to housing providers under DC Code § 1-328.04(w); and
 - Central Business District grants awarded under DC Code § 1-328.04(x);
 - The following grants awarded by the Department of Energy & Environment:
 - Funding received pursuant to the Solar for All Program established by DC Code § 8-1774.16; and
 - Sustainable Energy Trust Fund grants awarded pursuant to DC Code § 8-1774.10(c)(22);
 - o The exclusion of cash assistance grants awarded by the Washington Convention and Sports Authority to excluded workers has been extended through tax year ending December 31, 2023.
 - o See instructions page 2, "Exclusion of Certain Grants From District Gross Income for guidance on how to report and exclude the amount of these grants from District gross income on your District income tax return for tax year 2022.

Reminder:

- **District of Columbia Opportunity Zone Tax Benefits** are available to an entity investing in a DC Qualified Opportunity Fund. See instructions, page 2.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE D-65 PARTNERSHIP RETURN

Who must file a DC Form D-65?

Except for partnerships required to file an unincorporated business franchise tax return, DC Form D-30, or corporation franchise tax return, DC Form D-20, or an LLC, or publicly traded partnership that filed a federal corporation return, all partnerships engaged in any trade or business in DC or which received income from sources in DC, must file a Form D-65.

The term “partnership” includes a limited partner, group, syndicate, pool and joint venture through or by means of which any business, financial operation, or venture is carried on. The following are excluded by law: 1) a corporation; 2) a trust or estate; or 3) an unincorporated business. The term “partner” includes a member of a syndicate, pool or joint venture.

If the return is filed on behalf of a syndicate, pool, joint venture or similar group, attach to the D-65 a copy of the agreement and all amendments to the agreement.

A limited liability company is classified as a partnership. The only exception is if the IRS has classified it differently. Use the same classification on your DC return as that used on your federal return.

Who must file DC Form D-30 instead of Form D-65?

Every partnership which, during the taxable year, engaged in an “unincorporated business” as defined in paragraph (1) below, and which met the gross income threshold as stated in paragraph (2) below, must file a Form D-30, rather than Form D-65. If Form D-65 is filed instead of Form D-30, attach an explanation to the D-65.

(1)(a) A partnership with gross income of more than \$12,000 which leases real or personal property in DC, regardless of whether services are performed, (including professional partnerships) must file a Form D-30 instead of Form D-65.

(b) “Unincorporated Business”. An unincorporated business is any trade or business, conducted or engaged in by any individual, whether resident or nonresident, statutory or common-law trust, estate, partnership, or limited or special partnership, society, association, executor, administrator, receiver, trustee, liquidator, conservator, committee, assignee, or by any other entity or fiduciary, other than a trade or business conducted or engaged in by any corporation, S corporation, Q-sub, publicly traded partnership or any other form of entity treated as a corporation for District tax purposes. This includes any trade or business which, if conducted or engaged in by a corporation, would be taxable.

(c) Excluded is any trade or business which by law, custom, or ethics, cannot be incorporated or any trade or business deriving more than 80% of its gross income from personal services rendered by owners or members of the partnership or other entity in conducting or carrying on any trade or business in which capital is not a material income-producing factor.

(2) Gross income requirement for filing DC Form D-30. A return must be filed by an unincorporated business if its gross income from engaging in or carrying on any trade or business in DC plus any other gross income received from DC sources amounts to more than \$12,000 during the year, regardless of whether it had net income. For filing purposes, the words “gross income” means gross revenue before deduction of cost of goods, expenses and other deductions allowable in the determination of net income.

NOTE: For District tax purposes, taxpayers are not permitted to claim the 100% federal depreciation per Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 168(k), nor the additional Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 179 expenses. Taxpayers should keep a separate depreciation schedule for DC tax purposes.

When is your return due?

You must file your return by:

- Calendar year filer – April 18, 2023; or
- Fiscal year filer – the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the ending of the taxable year you entered at the top of the DC Form D-65.

If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the return is due the next business day.

If you are requesting an extension of time to file, submit DC Form FR-165, Extension of Time to File a DC Partnership Return, by the due date of your return. Do not use the federal extension of time to file form to request a DC extension.

How to file your return

File your DC Form D-65 with the Office of Tax and Revenue, 1101 4th Street, SW, FL4, Washington, DC 20024.

Sign and date the return. Make a copy for yourself. If submitting the return with attachments, you must submit using a USB flash drive unless you are filing electronically.

Include the following on the flash drive:

- The signed D-65 return;
- Any attachments and/or schedules (federal Form 1065, and Schedule K-1). Include copies of all the schedules and statements accompanying the Form 1065. Also attach a schedule showing the pass-through distribution of income for all members of the partnership, and copies of the completed federal K-1 schedule; and
- Write on the flash drive label, “D-65”, your TIN, and the tax year being filed.

Assembling your D-65 return

Do not staple or otherwise damage the Bar Code located in the upper right hand corner of this form or schedule(s) being attached.

Substitute forms

You may file your DC tax return using a computer-prepared or computer-generated substitute form, provided the form is approved in advance by the Office of Tax and Revenue (OTR). The fact that a software package is available for retail purchase does not mean that the substitute form has been approved for use. Call or check with the software developer to determine if its form is approved by the DC OTR.

By Modernized e-File (MeF)

MeF offers most DC Partnership return filers a full federal/state electronic filing program. There are three ways in which taxpayers can file their federal and District returns together electronically:

1. Through an authorized software provider listed on the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website;
2. Through a tax practitioner who is an authorized e-File provider; or
3. Through a commercial online filing service. This allows taxpayers to transmit their DC and federal returns from their PC.

Special filing circumstances

Combined Reporting

If the partnership is unitary with a combined group, fill in the "if unitary" oval on page 1 of Form D-65. In addition, provide the designated agent's name and Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) on page 1 of the form.

Qualified High Technology Companies (QHTC)

If you are a QHTC, fill in the oval on page 1 of the D-65. A partnership claiming QHTC tax benefits must complete the QHTC certification process online via [MyTax.DC.gov](https://www.mytax.dc.gov). For additional information, please see the online publication, FR-399, Qualified High Technology Companies.

DC Ballpark Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Area

If a business entity claiming to be a QHTC is located in the DC Ballpark TIF Area as specified in DC Code §2-1217.12, fill in the "if QHTC located in DC Ballpark TIF Area" oval on page 1 of Form D-65. A business entity located in the DC Ballpark TIF Area cannot receive QHTC tax benefits. See DC Code §47-1817.01(5)(B)(iii).

District of Columbia Opportunity Zone Tax Benefits

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 included a provision called 'Opportunity Zones' which established certain tax benefits for federal taxpayers with capital gains who invest those gains into a Qualified Opportunity Fund (QOF). A QOF is an investment vehicle that files either a partnership or corporation federal income tax return and is organized for the purpose of investing in Qualified Opportunity Zone property. Pursuant to the "Aligning Opportunity Zone Tax Benefits with DC Community Priorities Emergency Act of 2020", the District of Columbia has also acted to establish certain tax benefits for DC taxpayers with capital gains who invest those gains into an approved DC QOF.

The District of Columbia Opportunity Zone Tax Benefits available to a DC taxpayer, if the taxpayer meets certain criteria, are: (1) a deferral of a capital gains tax payment for investing in a QOF; (2) a reduction of capital gains tax liability through a 10% step-up in basis, if invested in a QOF for 5 years prior to December 31, 2026, and an additional 5% step-up in basis, if invested in a QOF for 7 years prior to December 31, 2026; and (3) an abatement of capital gains tax on an investment of capital gains in a QOF for at least 10 years before December 31, 2047.

DC taxpayers seeking the capital gains tax deferral, reduction or abatement at the District level must invest in a QOF that: (1) is a QOF approved by the District of Columbia Government; and (2) has invested at least the value of the taxpayer's investment in the QOF in eligible Qualified Opportunity Zones Businesses (QOZBs) or Qualified Opportunity Zones Business Property (QOZBP) in the District of Columbia.

The District taxpayer investor will need to submit a DC QOF Approval letter issued by the Office of the Deputy Mayor for Planning and Economic Development (DMPED) with their tax returns, along with IRS Forms 8996 and 8997 for the tax year for which the taxpayer is seeking the benefits. The taxpayer must also submit other relating federal forms, if applicable, such as federal forms 8949, 4797, and federal Schedules K-1 and Schedule D, including any other information that OTR may require to administer the benefits.

If you have capital gain deferred on your federal return due to an investment in a Federal Qualified Opportunity Fund, add back the amount of the deferral on Line 7 of the D-65 return.

If you have capital gain deferred due to an investment in a DC approved DC Qualified Opportunity Fund, subtract the amount of the deferral on Line 21 of the D-65 return, provided this amount is also included in Line 7 of the D-65 return.

See DC Code §§ 47-1801.04(39A), (39B), (39C), (39D); and 47-1803.03(a)(20). For more information about the Qualified Opportunity Funds approval process and eligible investments, contact DMPED at DCQOF@dc.gov or (202) 727-6365. To apply for DC approved Opportunity Zone Tax Benefits, visit [OZMarketplace.dc.gov](https://www.OZMarketplace.dc.gov).

Exclusion of Certain Grants From District Gross Income

The District of Columbia enacted legislation amending DC Code § 47-1803.02 to exclude the following grants from District gross income:

- Small business loans awarded and subsequently forgiven under § 7A of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. § 636m);
- For tax years beginning after December 31, 2020, public health emergency response grants issued pursuant to § 5b of the District of Columbia Public Emergency Act of 1980 (D.C. Official Code § 7-2304.02);
- Public health emergency small business grants awarded pursuant to section 2316 of the Small and Certified Business Enterprise Development and Assistance Act of 2005; (D.C. Law 24-9; 68 DCR 6913);
- Public health emergency grants authorized pursuant to section 16(m)(1) of the Advisory Neighborhood Commissions Act of 1975, effective March 26, 1976 (D.C. Law 1-58; D.C. Official Code § 1-309.13(m)(1);
- **Lump-sum payments received by individuals from the Early Educator Pay Parity Program pursuant to DC Code § 1-325.431;**
- **Rebates issued by the Mayor pursuant to the Automated External Defibrillator Incentive Program;**
- Grants awarded by the Mayor under the COVID-19 Hotel Recovery Grant Program of 2021;
- The following grants awarded by the Office of the Deputy Mayor for Planning and Economic Development (DMPED);
 - I- Grants awarded to Check It Enterprises under § 1-328.4(h)(1)(A);
 - II- Small business grants awarded under § 1-328.04(1);
 - III- Grants to DC Center for LGBTQ Community awarded under § 1-328.04(m);
 - IV- Large company grants awarded under § 1-328.04(n);
 - V- Local food access grants awarded under § 1-328.04(o);
 - VI- Guaranteed income pilot program grants awarded under § 1-328.04(p);
 - VII- Grants awarded to Community Development Financial Institutions or Minority Depository Institutions awarded under § 1-328.04(q);
 - VIII- Equity growth impact grants awarded under § 1-328.04(r);
 - IX- Great Streets program grants awarded under § 1-328.04(s);
 - X- Bridge Fund recovery and special event support grants awarded under § 1-328.04(t);
 - XI- Small and medium business recovery and growth program grants awarded under § 1-328.04(u);
 - XII- Equity impact enterprise commercial property acquisition grants awarded under § 1-328.04(v);
 - XIII- Grants awarded to housing providers under DC Code § 1-328.04(w);**

XIV- Central Business District grants awarded under DC Code § 1-328.04(x).

- The following grants awarded by the Department of Energy & Environment;
I- Funding received pursuant to the Solar for All Program established by DC Code § 8-1774.16; and
II- Sustainable Energy Trust Fund grants awarded pursuant to DC Code § 8-1774.10(c)(22).

The exclusion of cash assistance grants awarded by the Washington Convention and Sports Authority to excluded workers has been extended through tax year ending December 31, 2023.

The amount received by businesses and individuals pursuant to these grants may be subject to federal income tax and included in federal gross income. For Form D-65 Partnership Return of Income: Do not include the amount of the grant on Line 8 of Form D-65. This is the line you would report the amount of the grant if it was taxable by the District. Therefore, Line 7 on your federal Form 1065 (the line for "Other Income") will be different from your Line 8 ("Other Income") on Form D-65. Submit the 1099G showing the amount of the grant

DC Apportionment Factor

All businesses other than financial institutions engaging in a trade or business both in and outside of DC must use the single sales factor formula to apportion its business income. Businesses domiciled in DC and not subject to tax elsewhere must report 100 percent of their non-business income to DC. Businesses carrying on a trade or business in DC and other jurisdictions must apportion trade or business income to DC. Multiply the total income by a fraction. The numerator is the partnership's total sales in DC during the tax year. The denominator is the partnership's total sales everywhere during the tax year. Sales other than sales of tangible personal property shall be apportioned to the District by using the market-based sourcing rules.

Report the DC apportionment factor on Schedule F, Line 2, page 2 of Form D-65.

Note: DC Apportionment Factor shall not be rounded; however, truncated to six decimal places.

Amended returns

You must use the Form D-65 of the year you are amending. Prior year forms can be obtained from [MyTax.DC.gov](https://mytax.dc.gov). Fill in the 'Amended Return' oval on page 1 of the D-65 and complete the 'Tax Period Ending' box. If the IRS adjusts your federal return or if you file an amended federal return, you must file an amended DC return within 90 days.

Mail the amended return and any attachments to the Office of Tax and Revenue, 1101 4th Street, SW, FL4, Washington, DC 20024.

Final return

If you are not required to continue filing a partnership return for this entity, fill in "the final return" oval on the return. We will then cancel your requirement to file a partnership return.

Items exempt from tax

All items of income received and reported on federal Schedule K (or K-1 if this partnership is a partner in another entity) that is being claimed exempt from District tax must be explained in a statement. Attach the statement and federal Schedule K to your DC Form 65. Some items of this type are:

- (1) Tax-Free Interest. Attach a statement reporting interest on:
 - (a) obligations of a state, territory of the United States or any political subdivision thereof, or DC; and
 - (b) obligations of the United States, its agencies, or instrumentalities.

- (2) Proceeds from life insurance policies. In general, the proceeds of life insurance policies paid to the partnership due to the death of a partner are exempt. However, if any part of the proceeds is held by the insurer under an agreement to pay interest, the interest is taxable.

Information at source

Every partnership which in the course of its trade or business, during calendar year 2022, pays (1) interest, rents, commissions, or other fixed or determinable income of \$600 or more, or (2) salaries and wages of \$600 or more, must submit copies of federal Forms 1095 and 1099 unless the payment is specifically exempted by District of Columbia Municipal Regulations (DCMR) Rule 9-111.

No Remittance Due

The D-65 Partnership Return is considered to be an information return which means no remittance is due or should be tendered with the D-65 return, or form FR-165 extension request. If taxes are due as a result of any activity associated with a partnership, then a D-20 (DC Corporation Franchise Tax Return), a D-30 (DC Unincorporated Business Franchise Tax Return), or a D-40 (DC Individual Income Tax Return) with Federal Schedule C, SE, E and/or F, as applicable, must also be filed to report and pay the taxes which are due.

Getting started

Do not cross out the tax year on the 2022 return. If you are not filing a 2022 D-65 Partnership Return, do not use this booklet. Request a booklet for the specific year you are filing by calling our Forms Center at (202) 727-4829, or visit the Customer Service Administration at 1101 4th Street, SW, FL2, Washington, DC 20024. You may also visit our website at [MyTax.DC.gov](https://mytax.dc.gov) for prior year partnership returns.

Use the same method of accounting on your DC Form D-65 as that used on your federal tax return.

To complete the paper Form D-65, in general you will need:

- Copies of your completed 2022 federal forms as applicable (1065, Schedule K, Schedule K-1, and all other supporting schedules, statements or attachments filed with federal form 1065)
- A pen with black ink
- A calculator

Not all items will apply. If an amount is zero, make no entry, leave the line blank.

The return must be filed for calendar year 2022, or other taxable year beginning in 2022, covering the same tax period reported on the return filed with the IRS. Fill in the tax period ending on page 1 as MDDYYYY.

All entries on the return and attachments are whole dollars only. Do not enter cents. Round cents to the nearest dollar.

Examples: \$10,500.50 rounds to \$10,501
\$10,500.49 rounds to \$10,500

Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

You must have a TIN, whether it is a Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN), Social Security Number (SSN), Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) or Preparer Tax Identification Number (PTIN).

- An FEIN is a valid number issued by the IRS. To apply for an FEIN, get Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, or get this form online at www.irs.gov/businesses and click on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).
- An SSN is a valid number issued by the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the United States Government. To apply for an SSN, get form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213.
- An Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) is a valid number issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The IRS issues ITINs to individuals who are required to have a U.S. taxpayer identification number but who do not have, and are not eligible to obtain, a Social Security number (SSN) from the Social Security Administration (SSA). ITINs do not serve any purpose other than federal tax reporting.
- The Preparer Tax Identification Number (PTIN) is an identification number issued by the IRS that all paid tax preparers must use on tax returns or claims for refund.

If you are a paid preparer, you are required to have an IRS PTIN issued by the IRS.

Filling out the form

To aid us in processing your return, please follow these rules:

Do not print outside the boxes.

Use black ink.
Print in CAPITAL letters.

ROBERTS

Leave a space between words and between words and numbers.

8 ELM

Write 3s with a rounded top, not a flat top.

3.7 ~~37~~

Write 7s without a middle bar.

● ~~7~~

Fill in ovals completely.
Do not "✓" or "x" ovals.

Do not enter cents. Round cents to the nearest dollar.

57204.00

Note: Your taxpayer identification number is used for tax purposes only.

Personal information

Complete the personal information as instructed using CAPITAL letters and black ink. Use one block per letter, including using a space between address fields. Please write clearly, otherwise this can delay processing your return.

Third Party Designee

If you want to authorize another person to discuss your 2022 tax return with OTR, fill in the oval in the Third Party Designee block on page 2 of the D-65 and enter the designee's name and phone number. If you want to authorize your paid preparer, enter 'preparer' in the 'third party designee' block.

Filling in the oval gives the designee authorization to:

- Give OTR any information missing from your return;
- Contact OTR for information about processing your return and the status of any refund or payment; and
- Request, receive and/or respond to OTR notices related to your return.

The authorization does not:

- Give the designee the right to receive your refund;
- Bind you to any additional tax liability related to your return; or
- Otherwise represent you before OTR.

This authorization automatically ends on April 15, 2024 (without regard to extensions).

Signature

The return must be signed by a partner or member. If receivers, trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees are in control of the property or business organization, they must sign the return.

When the return is prepared by someone (for compensation) other than a member or an employee of the partnership, they must sign as the preparer at the bottom of page 2 of the DC Form D-65.

Email address

Enter the email address of the person authorized to discuss your 2022 tax return with OTR. This can be the taxpayer, the third party designee, or the paid preparer if you have filled in the oval authorizing the paid preparer to discuss this return with OTR.



Print in CAPITAL letters using black ink.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY Vendor ID # 0000

Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Tax period ending (MMDDYYYY)

Business name

Address line #1

Address line #2

City

State

Zip Code + 4

Designated Agent Name

Designated Agent TIN

- Fill in if QHTC located in DC Ballpark TIF Area
- Fill in if amended return
- Fill in if final return
- Fill in if Certified QHTC
- Fill in if unitary with a combined group*

*You must fill in the Designated Agent info below

INCOME

DEDUCTIONS

Round cents to nearest dollar. If amount is zero, leave line blank; if minus, enter amount and fill in oval.

1	Gross receipts or sales, minus returns and allowances		\$.00
2	Cost of goods sold and/or operations		\$.00
3	Gross profit <i>Line 1 minus Line 2.</i>	Fill in if minus: <input type="checkbox"/>	\$.00
4	Ordinary income (loss) from other partnerships, estates and trusts, etc.	Fill in if minus: <input type="checkbox"/>	\$.00
5	Net farm profit (loss)	Fill in if minus: <input type="checkbox"/>	\$.00
6	Net gain (loss)	Fill in if minus: <input type="checkbox"/>	\$.00
7	Capital gains deferred on federal return due to investment in a federal Qualified Opportunity Fund		\$.00
8	Other income (loss)	Fill in if minus: <input type="checkbox"/>	\$.00
9	Total income <i>Add Lines 3-8</i>	Fill in if minus: <input type="checkbox"/>	\$.00
10	Salaries and wages paid to non partners		\$.00
11	Payments to partners		\$.00
12	Repairs and maintenance		\$.00
13	Bad debts		\$.00
14	Rent		\$.00
15	Taxes and licenses		\$.00
16	Interest (subject to federal limitations)		\$.00
17	Depreciation, minus depreciation deducted elsewhere on this return. Do not include any additional IRC 179 expenses or IRC 168(k) depreciation.*		\$.00
18	Depletion		\$.00
19	Retirement plans		\$.00
20	Employee benefit programs		\$.00
21	Capital gains deferred due to DC approved investment in a DC Qualified Opportunity Fund		\$.00
22	Other deductions		\$.00
23	Total deductions <i>Add Lines 10-22</i>		\$.00
24	Ordinary income (loss) <i>Line 9 minus Line 23</i>	Fill in if minus: <input type="checkbox"/>	\$.00

*Attach a copy of your federal Form 4562

Business Name: _____



Taxpayer Identification Number: _____

Schedule F - DC apportionment factor (See instructions.)

Round cents to the nearest dollar. If an amount is zero, leave the line blank.

Carry all factors to six decimal places

	Column 1 TOTAL	Column 2 in DC	DC Apportionment Factor (Column 2 divided by Column 1)
1. SALES FACTOR: All gross receipts of the partnership other than gross receipts from items of non-business income.	\$ _____ .00	\$ _____ .00	_____
2. DC APPORTIONMENT FACTOR: Column 2 divided by Column 1.			_____

A. Date entity was organized (MMYY) _____

B. Fill in your accounting method cash accrual other (specify) _____

C. Number of partners in this partnership _____

D. Is this a limited partnership? YES NO

E. Is this a limited liability company? YES NO

F. Are any partners in this partnership also partnerships or corporate entities? YES NO

G. Is this partnership a partner in another partnership? YES NO

H. Was there a distribution or transfer of property that caused an adjustment of the basis of the partnership's assets under IRC Section 754? YES NO

I. Was a D-65 filed for the preceding year? YES NO

J. Was a 2022 DC unincorporated business franchise tax return (Form D-30) filed for this business? If "YES," enter the name under which the return was filed. YES NO

K. Did you file and pay an annual ballpark fee return? YES NO

L. Have you filed annual federal income tax information return Forms 1099 and 1096? YES NO

M. Did you withhold DC income tax from the wages of your DC employees during 2022? YES NO

If "NO," state reason: _____

N. During 2022, has the IRS made or proposed any adjustments to your federal partnership Form 1065, or did you file amended returns with the IRS? YES NO

If "YES," submit a separate, detailed explanation and an amended D-65 return reflecting the adjustments to: Office of Tax and Revenue, 1101 4th Street, SW, FL4, Washington DC 20024.

- Attach a copy of the Form 1065 with the K-1 and any other schedules you filed.
- Attach a schedule showing the pass-through distribution of income to all members of the partnership.
- If you are filing Form D-65, instead of Form D-30, attach an explanation.

Third party designee To authorize another person to discuss this return with OTR, fill in here and enter the name and phone number of that person. See instructions.

Designee's name _____ Phone number _____

PLEASE SIGN HERE Under penalties of law, I declare that I have examined this return and, to the best of my knowledge, it is correct. Declaration of paid preparer is based on all information available to the preparer.

Partner or member's signature _____ Date _____

Telephone number of person to contact _____

PAID PREPARER ONLY

Preparer's signature (if other than taxpayer) _____ Date _____

Paid Preparer's Tax Identification Number (PTIN) _____

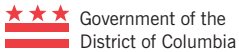
Firm name _____

If you want to allow the paid preparer to discuss this return with the Office of Tax and Revenue fill in the oval.

Firm address _____

Email Address _____

Detach at perforation and mail the voucher to the Office of Tax and Revenue. (See addresses on back)



2022 FR-165 Extension of Time to File a DC Partnership Return



Important: Print in CAPITAL letters using black ink.

KEEP FOR YOUR RECORDS

Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Tax period ending (MMDDYYYY)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Vendor ID# 0000

Business Name or Designated Agent name

Fill in if Living or Traveling Outside the U.S.

Business mailing address (number, street and suite/apartment number if applicable)

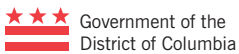
City

State

Zip Code +4

A 6 month extension of time to file until _____ 15, 2023, for calendar year 2022, or until _____, _____, for fiscal year ending _____, is requested.

Revised 07/2022



2022 FR-165 Extension of Time to File a DC Partnership Return



Important: Print in CAPITAL letters using black ink.

Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Tax period ending (MMDDYYYY)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Vendor ID# 0000

Business Name or Designated Agent name

Fill in if Living or Traveling Outside the U.S.

Business mailing address (number, street and suite/apartment number if applicable)

City

State

Zip Code +4

A 6 month extension of time to file until _____ 15, 2023, for calendar year 2022, or until _____, _____, for fiscal year ending _____, is requested.

Revised 07/2022

Instructions for Form FR-165 (Partnership)

Do not send any payment with this form.

Purpose

Use Form FR-165 to request a 6-month extension of time to file a Partnership Return of Income (Form D-65).

When to file

The request for an extension of time to file must be submitted no later than the due date of the return.

Where to submit your request

Mail the completed FR-165 to:
Office of Tax and Revenue, 1101 4th Street, SW, FL4, Washington, DC 20024

Extension of time to file

A 6-month extension of time to file will be allowed if you complete this form properly, and file it on time. When you file your return (D-65), attach a copy of the FR-165 which you filed. A separate extension request must be filed for each return. Blanket requests for extensions will not be accepted.

Federal extension forms

The Office of Tax and Revenue does not accept the federal application for an extension of time to file. **You must use DC Form FR-165.**

Additional extension of time

No additional extension of time to file will be granted beyond the 6-month extension unless the taxpayer is outside the continental limits of the United States. In that case, an additional extension up to 6 months may be granted, but in no case shall such extension be granted for more than one year.

DRAFT



OFFICIAL USE ONLY Vendor ID#0000

Important: Print in CAPITAL letters using black ink.

This Section to be completed by DHCD

Part IA. Credit

1. Building Address

Three horizontal lines for address input

2a. Building Owner Name

b. Building Owner Address

Three horizontal lines for owner name and address input

3. Building Owner TIN

One horizontal line for TIN input

4. Federal Building Identification Number

DC- followed by a horizontal line for FID number input

5. Maximum Allowable DC LIHTC Amount*

One horizontal line for amount input

6. Date of Allocation

One horizontal line for date input

7. Date Building Placed in Service

One horizontal line for date input

8. Fill in if election to begin credit period the first year after the building is placed in service was made on Federal Form 8609, Line 10a.

Signature of Authorized DHCD Official

Date

*The amount for each year of the 10-year credit period

Part IB. Owner Certification

Ownership Entity

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that: (1) the above building continues to qualify as a part of a qualified low-income housing development and meets the requirements of Internal Revenue Code Section 42(g) and DC Code §47-4801 and (2) the qualified basis of the building (check one) ___ has ___ has not decreased for this tax year. I have examined this form, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct and complete.

Signature

Taxpayer ID Number

Date

Name (please type or print)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA LOW-INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDIT

The federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) was established by the Tax Reform Act of 1986 and is a dollar-for-dollar tax credit for federal taxpayers who invest in the construction and rehabilitation of housing for low and moderate-income individuals and families in the United States.

Pursuant to the District of Columbia Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Clarification Amendment Act of 2020, (D.C. Law 23-149, § 7201), the District of Columbia has also acted to establish a low-income housing tax credit for qualified projects located in the District of Columbia. Effective October 1, 2020, a “qualified project” means a rental housing development in the District that receives an allocation of federal low-income housing tax credits under IRC §42(h)(1) or IRC §42(h)(4) after October 1, 2021, and receives an executed extended low-income housing commitment pursuant to IRC §42(h)(6)(B) from the District of Columbia Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) dated on or after October 1, 2021.

The District of Columbia low-income housing tax credit (DC LIHTC) can be taken against income tax, franchise tax, and insurance premium tax. The credit can be claimed equally for 10 years and subtracted from the amount of District tax otherwise due for each taxable period. The credit cannot be taken against any tax that is dedicated in whole or in part to the Healthy DC and Health Care Expansion Fund established by DC Code §31-3514.02.

The credit is not refundable, but any amount of the credit that exceeds the tax due for a taxable year can be carried forward to any of the 10 remaining subsequent taxable years. The owner of a qualified project eligible for the District low-income housing tax credit must submit a copy of the eligibility statement issued by the Department of Housing and Community Development with respect to the qualified project at the time of filing the project owner's DC tax return. If the eligibility statement is not attached, no credit will be allowed with respect to such qualified project for that year until the copy is provided to the Office of Tax and Revenue.

All or any portion of District low-income tax credits may be transferred, sold, assigned, or allocated to parties who are eligible pursuant to Chapter 48 of Title 47 of the District of Columbia Official Code. There is no limit on the total number of allocations of all or part of the total credit authorized. Collectively, all transfers, sales, assignments, and allocations are subject to the maximum credit allowable to a particular qualified project. A tax credit earned or purchased by, or transferred or assigned to, a partnership, limited liability company, S corporation, or other pass-through entity may be allocated to the partners, members, or shareholders in accordance with the provisions of any agreement among the partners, members, or shareholders and without regard to the ownership interest of the partners, members, or shareholders in the qualified project. A partner, member, or shareholder to whom a tax credit is allocated may further allocate all or part of the allocated credit or may transfer, sell, or assign the allocated credit. Collectively all transfers, sales, assignments, and allocations are subject to the maximum credit allowable to a particular qualified project.

An owner, transferee, purchaser, assignee, or taxpayer to whom a credit is allocated desiring to make a transfer, sale assignment or allocation must submit to the CFO and the Commissioner of the Department of Insurance, Securities, and Banking (Commissioner) a statement that describes the amount of District low-income housing tax credit for which such transfer, sale, assignment, or allocation of District credit is eligible. The owner, transferor, seller, assignor, or taxpayer must provide to the CFO and the Commissioner appropriate information so that the low-income housing tax credit can be properly allocated.

The District low-income housing tax credit can be recaptured if the owner fails to submit a copy of the eligibility statement issued by the Department with respect to the qualified project at the time of filing the return, or, if under IRC §42, a portion of any federal low-income tax credits taken on a low-income qualified project is required to be recaptured. If a recapture is required, any statement submitted to the CFO as required by DC Code §47-4806(b) must include the proportion of the credit required to be captured, the identity of each transferee subject to recapture, and the amount of credit previously transferred, sold, assigned, or allocated to such transferee, purchaser, assignee, or taxpayer to whom a credit is allocated.

Except for unused credits carried forward and for credits claimed under regulations promulgated by the Department consistent with the special rule set forth in IRC §42, a qualified District of Columbia project is not eligible for any District tax credits for more than 11 taxable years.

Sign-Up for MyTax.DC.gov

MyTax.DC.gov is the web portal where you can view your available DC LIHTC amount and report credit transfers, sales, assignments and allocations to other credit recipients. All credit owners, transferors and recipients must complete one-time registration to sign up for online account. Credit transferors must report any credit transfers, sales, assignments and allocations on their MyTax.DC account before the credit recipients can view their portion of available DC LIHTC credit. For further information on how to view your DC LIHTC information and report transactions, please see Instructions for Low Income Housing Tax Credit Allocation and Certification.

Claiming the Credit

A district tax return must be filed with the credit amount on the appropriate line of the return to receive the credit. This is a non-refundable credit. It is important that you log onto your MyTax.DC account and verify your available DC LIHTC credit before filing a District tax return claiming the credit. The total amount of non-refundable credit being claimed should not exceed the amount of tax due. Refer to the instructions of the tax form being filed for further information on which line to be used to claim the credit.