KRS 154.24-010 to 160





**KJDA** 

- Only use this package if you have received approval for the KJDA credit per KRS 154.24-010 to 160 by the Cabinet for Economic Development.
- See instructions.
- ♦ Attach to form 720, 720S, 765, 765–GP, or 725.

**Purpose of Package** – Use this package to report KJDA tax incentives for which your business entity has been approved per KRS 154.24–010 to 160. You must have received preliminary or final approval in accordance with KRS 154.24 on or before June 26, 2009 to determine the credit allowed. Schedule KJDA-T is used by the company which has entered into a service and technology agreement for a Kentucky Jobs Development Act (KJDA) project to maintain a record of the approved costs, wage assessments, and tax credits.

**General Instructions** – Only include one incentive project per Package KJDA. If your business entity files a form 720 with the state of Kentucky, you must complete Schedule KJDA (Page 3) and Schedule KJDA-T (Page 7). If your business entity files form 720S, 765, 765–GP, or 725, you must complete Schedule KJDA-SP (Page 5) and Schedule KJDA-T (Page 7).

**First and Last Year Prorations**—Tax incentives are only available to be claimed during the term of the incentive agreement. Tax incentives claimed during the first and last years of an incentive agreement must be prorated accordingly. Separate period accounting is recommended, but a proration factor may be used if separate period accounting is not available.

To determine the proration factor in the first year of the incentive agreement, divide the number of days from the activation date until the end of your taxable year by the total number of days in your taxable year. Multiply the total income by the proration factor to determine the project income when separate period accounting is not available.

To determine the proration factor in the last year of the incentive agreement, divide the number of days from the first day of your taxable year through the end of the incentive agreement term by the total number of days in your taxable year. Multiply the total income by the proration factor to determine the project income when separate period accounting is not available.





**Taxable Year Ending** 

				/ Mo. Yr.	
Name of Corporation		Federal Identification Number	Kentucky Corporation/LLET Account Number		
Location of Project		Activation Date of KJDA Incentive Agreement	Economic Development Project Number		
		//			
City	<i>i</i>	Mo. Day Yr.			
PAI	RT I—Computation of LLET Excluding KJDA Project				
1	LLET from Form 720, Part I, line 1		1	00	
	LLET on KJDA project (see instructions)		00		
	LLET excluding LLET on KJDA project (line 1 less line 2)	3	00		
	RT II—Computation of Taxable Net Income Excluding Net I	ncome from KJDA Project and KJDA T	ax Cre	edit	
	ction A-Computation of Corporation Tax				
1	Enter income tax from Form 720, Part II, line 1			00	
2	LLET of corporation (Part I, line 1)		00		
3	LLET credit allowed (line 2 less \$175, but not more than li Total corporation tax (lines 1 and 2 less line 3)	4	00		
4	ction B–Computation of Tax Excluding KJDA Project		4	00	
<u>3ec</u>	Enter taxable net income from Form 720, Part III, line 22		1	00	
2	Enter net income from KJDA project; if loss, enter -0			00	
3	Taxable net income excluding net income from KJDA pro				
	greater than line 1, enter -0-	-	3	00	
4	Income tax liability excluding KJDA project (line 3 multip	4	00		
5	LLET excluding LLET on KJDA project (Part I, line 3)	5	00		
6	Enter LLET from line 5 less \$175, but not more than line 4	6	00		
7	Total tax excluding KJDA project (lines 4 and 5 less line 6	7	00		
8	Total tax attributable to KJDA project (Section A, line 4 les				
	Continue to Part III and enter this amount on Part III, line	1	8	00	
PA	RT III—Limitation				
1	Enter tax liability attributable to KJDA project from Part II	l, Section B, line 8	1	00	
2	Enter limitation from Schedule KJDA-T, Column F		2	00	
3	Allowable KJDA tax credit (lesser of line 1 or line 2)		3	00	
	Enter allowable credit on Schedule TCS, Part I, Column E			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Economic development project means a project authorized under the Kentucky Rural Economic Development Act (KREDA), Metropolitan College ConsortiumTax Credit (MCC), Kentucky Small BusinessTax Credit Program (KSBTC), Kentucky Industrial Development Act (KIDA), Kentucky Jobs Retention Agreement (KJRA), Kentucky Industrial Revitalization Act (KIRA), Kentucky Jobs Development Act (KJDA), Kentucky Business Investment Program (KBI), Kentucky Reinvestment Act (KRA), SkillsTraining Investment Credit Act (STICA), and Incentives for Energy Independence Act (IEIA). The KJDA tax credit is applied against the corporation income tax imposed by KRS 141.040 and/or the limited liability entity tax (LLET) imposed by KRS 141.0401. The amount of tax credit against each tax can be different; however, for tracking purposes, the maximum amount of credit used against either tax is the amount that is used for the tax year.

**PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE**—This schedule is used by a corporation to determine the credit allowed against the Kentucky corporation income tax and LLET attributable to the project per KRS 141.407.

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

### Part I—Computation of LLET Excluding KJDA Project

**Line 2**—Use Schedule L, Line 1(b) of Form 720 to compute the LLET of the KJDA project using only the Kentucky gross receipts and Kentucky gross profits of the project. If approved for multiple projects, attach a breakdown of each project's LLET computation. In the first and last years of each project, only calculate Kentucky gross receipts and gross profits received during the term of the incentive agreement.

If the corporation has operations other than the KJDA project, it must attach schedules reflecting the computation of Kentucky gross profits and Kentucky gross receipts from the KJDA project per KRS 141.407(6) (b)\*\* or KRS 141.407(7)(b).\*\*\*\*

#### Part II—Computation of Taxable Net Income Excluding Net Income from KJDA Project and KJDA Tax Credit

# Section **B**

**Line 2**—Enter net income for KJDA project. If the corporation's only operation in Kentucky is the KJDA project, the amount entered on Line 1 must also be entered on Line 2. If the corporation has operations other than the KJDA project, it must attach schedules reflecting the computation of the net income from the KJDA project per KRS 141.407(6)(a)\* or KRS 141.407(7) (a).\*\*\* In the first and last years of each project, only calculate Kentucky net income received during the term of the incentive agreement.

See form for computation.

# Part III—Limitation

Calculate KJDA tax credit based on the corporation's tax liability, tax liability attributable to KJDA project, and credit limitation from Schedule KJDA-T. Enter credit on Schedule TCS, Part I, Column E and Column F.

A corporation with more than one economic development project must separately compute the tax credit derived from each project. Complete the applicable tax computation schedules (KREDA, KIDA, KJRA, KIRA, KJDA, KBI, KRA, or IEIA) for each project. A corporation approved for the Skills Training Investment Credit Act (STICA) or Metropolitan College Consortium Tax Credit (MCC) must attach a copy of the certification(s) from the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation. A corporation approved for the Kentucky Small Business Tax Credit Program (KSBTC) must attach a copy of the certification from the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority.

Alternative Methods—Per KRS 141.407(8), if the approved company can show that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use separate accounting to determine net income, Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility where the project is located, the approved company must determine net income, Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue. Thus, if any method other than separate accounting is used, a copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the alternative method must be attached to this schedule.

- \* Per KRS 141.407(6)(a), if the project is a totally separate facility, net income attributable to the project shall be determined by the separate accounting method.
- \*\* Per KRS 141.407(6)(b), if the project is a totally separate facility, Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- \*\*\* Per KRS 141.407(7)(a), if the KJDA project is an expansion to a previously existing facility, net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method and the net income attributable to the KJDA project shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the KJDA project income using a formula approved by the Department of Revenue. A copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the percentage must be attached to this schedule.
- \*\*\*\* Per KRS 141.407(7)(b), if the KJDA project is an expansion to a previously existing facility, Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method and the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the KJDA project shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the KJDA project Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits. **A copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the percentage must be attached to this schedule**.





### **Taxable Year Ending**

				/ / Yr.		
Name of Pass-through Entity		Federal Identification Number		entucky Corporation/LLET Account Number		
	ation of Ducient	Activation Date of KJDA				
Location of Project		Incentive Agreement		Economic Development Project Number		
City	County	Mo. Day Yr.				
PA	RT I—Computation of KJDA Tax Credit and Tax D	Due	I			
1	Kentucky taxable income on KJDA project (see instr	uctions)	1	00		
2	Net operating loss deduction on KJDA project		2	( ) 00		
3	Kentucky taxable income on KJDA project after net of	operating loss deduction				
	(line 1 less line 2)					
4	Income tax liability of KJDA project (line 3 multiplied					
5	LLET on KJDA project (see instructions). Not applica		5	00		
6	LLET credit allowed (line 5 less \$175, but not more t					
	Form 765-GP					
7	Total tax on KJDA project (lines 4 and 5 less line 6)					
8	Limitation (Column F from Schedule KJDA-T)		8	00		
9	Enter the lesser of line 7 or line 8 as either:					
	(a) KJDA tax credit		<u>9(a)</u>	) 00		
	or					
	(b) Estimated tax payment and complete election in	<u>9(b)</u>	) 00			
10	If line 7 is larger than line 9(a) or 9(b), enter difference					
	pass-through entity. (Any pass-through entity reflect	10				
	Tax Payment Summary below and remit payment.).		10	00		
PA	RT II—Estimated Tax Election					
In	accordance with KRS 141.407(4)(b),					
ш		Name of Pass-through	Entity			
ele	ects for the taxable year ended			ve an amount equal		
to	the lesser of line 7 or line 8 above applied as an	estimated tax payment.				
$\succ$						

Signature of Shareholder, Partner, or Member							
TAX PAYMENT SUMMARY (Make check payable to Kentucky State Treasurer.)							
Тах	Interest	Penalty	TOTAL				

**PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE**—This schedule is used by a passthrough entity to determine the credit allowed against the Kentucky income tax and LLET attributable to the project per KRS 141.407.

Pass-through entities should first complete Form 720S, 765, or 765-GP to determine net income (loss), deductions, etc., from the entire operations of the pass-through entity. The pass-through entity should then complete Schedule KJDA-SP to determine the KJDA tax credit and the tax due, if any, from the KJDA project. A pass-through entity is subject to tax per KRS 141.020 and KRS 141.0401 on the net income and the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits from the KJDA project and the KJDA credit is applied against the tax of the KJDA project. Consequently, the pass-through entity must use Form 720S(K), Form 765(K), or Form 765-GP(K) to exclude the net income from the KJDA project from the partners', members', or shareholders' distributive share income, and Schedule L, Line 1(b) of Form 720S, Form 765, or Form 725 to exclude Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the KJDA project from LLET at the entity level.

**Multiple Projects**—A pass-through entity with multiple economic development projects must complete the applicable schedules (KREDA-SP, KIDA-SP, KJRA-SP, KIRA-SP, KJDA-SP, KBI-SP, KRA-SP, or IEIA-SP) to determine the credit and net tax liability, if any, for each project.

Line 1—If the pass-through entity's only operation is the KJDA project, the amount entered on Line 1 is the net income (loss) from Form 720S, 765, or 765-GP. If the pass-through entity has operations other than the KJDA project, a schedule must be attached reflecting the computation of the net income (loss) from the KJDA project in accordance with the following instructions, and such amount entered on Line 1. In the first and last years of each project, only calculate Kentucky taxable income received during the term of the incentive agreement.

**Separate Facility**—Per KRS 141.407(6), if the project is a totally separate facility, net income, Kentucky gross receipts, and Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project must be determined by a separate accounting method.

**Expansion of Existing Facility**—Per KRS 141.407(7), if the KJDA project is an expansion to a previously existing facility, the net income, Kentucky gross receipts, and Kentucky gross profits must be determined under a separate accounting method reflecting the entire facility, and the net income, Kentucky gross receipts, and Kentucky gross profits must be determined by apportioning the net income, Kentucky gross receipts, and Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue approving the percentage must be attached to the schedule.

Alternative Methods—Per KRS 141.407(8), if the approved company can show that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use a separate accounting method to determine the net income, Kentucky gross receipts, and Kentucky gross profits from the facility where the economic development project is located, the approved company must use an alternative method

approved by the Department of Revenue. A copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the alternative method must be attached to this schedule.

**Separate Accounting**—If the economic development project is a totally separate facility, net income must reflect only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits must reflect only Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.

If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility, net income of the entire facility must reflect only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and Kentucky gross receipts and Kentucky gross profits must reflect only Kentucky gross receipts and Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility. Net income, Kentucky gross receipts, and Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility attributable to the economic development project must be determined by apportioning the net income, Kentucky gross receipts, and Kentucky gross profits by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.

**Line 2**—Enter the net operating loss from the KJDA project, if any, being carried forward from previous years.

**Note**: Just as the income from a KJDA project does not flow through to partners, members, or shareholders, neither do the losses. The project's net operating loss from prior years must be subtracted from the project income before calculating the KJDA credit.

**General Partnership** – Lines 5 and 6 of this schedule should not be completed by a general partnership as a general partnership is not subject to LLET.

**Line 5**—Use Schedule L, Line 1(b) of Form 720S, Form 765, or Form 725 to compute the LLET of the KJDA project using only the Kentucky gross receipts and Kentucky gross profits of the project. If approved for multiple projects, attach a breakdown of each project's LLET computation. In the first and last years of each project, only calculate Kentucky LLET received during the term of the incentive agreement.

Line 9—In lieu of the tax credit, the approved company may elect, on an annual basis, to apply as an estimated tax payment an amount equal to the allowable tax credit. Any estimated tax payment must be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners, members, or shareholders of the pass-through entity, and must be paid on behalf of the partners, members, or shareholders. Enter an amount on either (a) or (b), but in no case should there be an entry on both (a) and (b). Per KRS 141.407(5), this estimated tax payment is excluded in determining each partner's, member's, or shareholder's distributive share income or credit from a pass-through entity. Accordingly, the partners, members, or shareholders are not entitled to claim any portion of this estimated tax payment against their Kentucky income tax liability.





Name of Entity

EntityType Corporation Limited Liability Pass-through Entity General Partnership Other				Federal Identification Number			Kentucky Corporation/LLET Account Number	
Location of Project			Incentive Agreement			Econo P	omic Development roject Number	
City		County			Mo. Day	Yr.		
<b>A</b> Taxable Year Ended	<b>B</b> Balance of Approved Costs	<b>C</b> 50 Percent of Approved Annual Rental Payments	D Employee Wag Assessments Withheld		E In-Lieu-Of Credits Received	F KJDATa Credit Limit		<b>G</b> KJDA Tax Credit Claimed
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**PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE**—This schedule is used to maintain a record of the approved costs, wage assessments, in-lieuof credits and tax credits (income tax and LLET) for the duration of the service and technology agreement. This information is necessary for the company to determine the limitation of the tax credit for each year of the service and technology agreement and to allow the Kentucky Department of Revenue to verify that the credit has been properly computed.

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

A single Schedule KJDA-T, Tracking Schedule for a KJDA Project, must be maintained for the duration of each KJDA project. Beginning with the first taxable year of the KJDA service and technology agreement, complete Columns A through G using a separate line for each year of the service and technology agreement. The company must attach a copy of this schedule updated with current year information to the Schedule KJDA or Schedule KJDA-SP which is filed with the Kentucky tax return.

All tax credits are entered on Schedule TCS, Tax Credit Summary Schedule. The total tax credits calculated may exceed the amount that can be used. Credits must be claimed in the order prescribed by KRS 141.0205. Total credits claimed cannot reduce the LLET below the \$175 minimum nor the income tax liability below zero.

#### SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

**Column A**—Enter on each line the ending date (month and year) of the taxable year for which the information requested in Columns B through G is entered.

**Column B**—For the taxable year that includes the activation date of the service and technology agreement, enter 50 percent of the total start-up costs as verified by the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority. For each year thereafter, if the amount entered in Column F for the prior year exceeds the amount entered in Column G for the prior year, enter the difference. If the amount entered in Column G for the prior year equals the amount entered in Column F for the prior year, enter zero (-0-).

**Column C**—Enter 50 percent of rental payments made during the taxable year as set forth in the service and technology agreement.

**Column D**—Enter the total amount of employee wage assessments (both the state and local portion) withheld from the salaries of employees during the taxable year.

**Column E**—If the local jurisdiction where the project is located elected to provide in-lieu-of credits per KRS 154.24-150(1) and (2), enter the amount of in-lieu-of credits received during the taxable year.

**Column F**—Enter the result of adding the amounts entered in Columns B and C and subtracting the amounts entered in Columns D and E. Also, enter on Schedule KJDA, Part III, Line 2 or Schedule KJDA-SP, Part I, Line 8, whichever is applicable.

**Column G**—The tax credit calculated for each tax can be different; however, for tracking purposes, the maximum amount used against either tax is recorded as amount claimed. Enter the greater of Column E or Column F from Schedule TCS for this project.